

## Smart SightLight

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### Introduction by Moritz von der Brake

Many people use a night light to help them navigate their home in the dark. However there are many issues with the common night light. One issue is that a regular nightlight is static and dose not move. This means that the night light either does not have a large field of illumination or is very broad and lights up everything. The problem is made even worse by the fact that conventional nightlights attach directly to a wall socket. This is where our project the Smart Sightlight comes in. Our nightlight actively waits for a person to enter the vicinity. Once a person is in the vicinity the nightlight scans the room and calculates position and direction of movement of the person. It then uses this information to illuminate the light in-front of the person.

### Method

#### 1.CAD

In order to house all the electronics in a space friendly and secure way it is necessary to design a housing that can be easily printed and assembled. This was done using OnShape which is free for all students. The housing is made of three main pieces. The center piece

### Hardware Components

| Component        | Purpose                              |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|
| ESP32            | Main microcontroller                 |
| VL53L0X          | Time-of-Flight (ToF) distance sensor |
| PIR sensors (2x) | Detect left/right motion             |
| Servos (2x)      | Rotate ToF and LED for tracking      |
| NeoPixel LED     | Light                                |

### Libraries Used

Adafruit\_VL53L0X: Controls the ToF sensor.

Adafruit\_NeoPixel: Controls the RGB LED.

ESP32Servo: PWM servo motor control on ESP32.

### Logic

At startup, the system performs an initial environmental benchmark by scanning from 0° to 180°, saving the distance data for each angle.

→Then it enters a loop waiting for PIR motion detection.

When motion is detected:

→It determines direction (left or right PIR).

→Performs a scanning sweep (with ToF) over the affected region.

If a significant difference from the benchmark is found:

→It activates a white LED.

→It moves a secondary servo to point an LED at the change.

The system re-benchmarks the environment every 5 minutes

**Code** /\*\*

```
//--- include libraries ---
#include <Adafruit_VL53L0X.h>
#include <Adafruit_NeoPixel.h>
#include <ESP32Servo.h>

// --- Defines Pins ---
#define PIR_LEFT_PIN    4
#define PIR_RIGHT_PIN   5
#define LED_PIN          15
#define TOF_SERVO_PIN   17
#define LED_SERVO_PIN   16

// --- Constants ---
#define NUM_PIXELS        1
#define MAX_ANGLE         180
#define STEP_ANGLE         1
#define CHANGE_THRESHOLD  100 // mm
#define BENCHMARK_INTERVAL 300000 // 5 min in ms
#define PIR_DEBOUNCE_TIME 1000 // ms

// --- Globals ---
Adafruit_VL53L0X lox = Adafruit_VL53L0X();
Adafruit_NeoPixel pixels(NUM_PIXELS, LED_PIN, NEO_GRB + NEO_KHZ800);

Servo tofServo;
Servo ledServo;

int benchmark[MAX_ANGLE + 1];
bool scanning = false;
bool benchmarkReady = false;
int lastMotionDirection = -1; // 0 = left, 1 = right
unsigned long lastBenchmarkTime = 0;
unsigned long lastPirTime = 0;

// --- Function Prototypes ---
void lightUp(bool on);
void moveTofServo(int angle);
void moveLedServo(int angle);
void performBenchmark();
bool scanMotion(int startAngle, int endAngle);
```

```
//Initializes:
//  Serial monitor for debugging.
//  PIR pins.
//  ToF sensor in continuous mode.
//  NeoPixel.
//  Servos with appropriate PWM settings for ESP32.
//  Performs an initial environmental benchmark.

void setup() {
  Serial.begin(115200);

  pinMode(PIR_LEFT_PIN, INPUT);
  pinMode(PIR_RIGHT_PIN, INPUT);

  if (!lox.begin()) {
    Serial.println(F("Failed to start VL53L0X!"));
    while (1);
  }
  lox.startRangeContinuous();

  // Servos
  ESP32PWM::allocateTimer(0);
  ESP32PWM::allocateTimer(1);
  ESP32PWM::allocateTimer(2);
  ESP32PWM::allocateTimer(3);
  tofServo.setPeriodHertz(50);
  ledServo.setPeriodHertz(50);
  tofServo.attach(TOF_SERVO_PIN, 500, 2500);
  ledServo.attach(LED_SERVO_PIN, 500, 2500);

  pixels.begin();
  pixels.setBrightness(100);
  pixels.setPixelColor(0, pixels.Color(0, 0, 0)); // Ensure off at start
  pixels.show();

  performBenchmark(); // Initial benchmark
}

void loop() {
  unsigned long now = millis();

  // Re-benchmark every 5 minutes
  if ((now - lastBenchmarkTime > BENCHMARK_INTERVAL) && !scanning) {
    performBenchmark();
  }

  // Motion detection with filtering
  //Checks if PIRs are triggered over 300ms to reduce false positives.
  Triggers scanning only if a direction is confidently detected.
```

```
if (!scanning && benchmarkReady) {
  if ((now - lastPirTime) > PIR_DEBOUNCE_TIME) {
    bool leftTriggered = false;
    bool rightTriggered = false;

    // Read the PIR pins multiple times over ~300ms
    for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++) {
      if (digitalRead(PIR_LEFT_PIN) == HIGH) leftTriggered = true;
      if (digitalRead(PIR_RIGHT_PIN) == HIGH) rightTriggered = true;
      delay(50); // 6 × 50ms = 300ms total sampling
    }

    if (leftTriggered) {
      Serial.println("PIR LEFT triggered (filtered)");
      lastMotionDirection = 0;
      scanning = true;
      lastPirTime = now;
    } else if (rightTriggered) {
      Serial.println("PIR RIGHT triggered (filtered)");
      lastMotionDirection = 1;
      scanning = true;
      lastPirTime = now;
    }
  }
}

// Start scanning Sweeps back and forth. Scans until it finds two
consecutive sweeps with no changes.
if (scanning) {
  int noChangeSweeps = 0;
  int start = (lastMotionDirection == 0) ? 0 : 90;
  int end = MAX_ANGLE;

  while (noChangeSweeps < 2) {
    Serial.printf("TOF Sweep (no-change count: %d)\n", noChangeSweeps);
    bool changed = scanMotion(start, end);
    if (changed) {
      noChangeSweeps = 0;
    } else {
      noChangeSweeps++;
    }
  }

  // Reverse sweep direction for next run
  int temp = start;
  start = end;
  end = temp;
}

Serial.println("No more movement. Scan finished.");
lightUp(false);
```

```

    scanning = false;
}
}
// Sweeps 0°–180°, storing the baseline distance values from ToF.Retries if
// distance is 0 (sensor failed)
void performBenchmark() {
    Serial.println("Benchmarking environment...");
    for (int angle = 0; angle <= MAX_ANGLE; angle += STEP_ANGLE) {
        moveToServo(angle);
        delay(15);
        int dist = lox.readRange();
        if (dist == 0) {
            angle -= STEP_ANGLE;
            continue; // Retry this angle
        }
        benchmark[angle] = dist;
        Serial.printf("Angle %d° = %d mm\n", angle, dist);
    }
    benchmarkReady = true;
    lastBenchmarkTime = millis();
    Serial.println("Benchmark complete.");
}
//Reads distance at each angle.
//Compares it with the benchmark value.
//If difference > CHANGE_THRESHOLD (100 mm): Activates LED
//Moves LED servo to angle (inverted)

bool scanMotion(int startAngle, int endAngle) {
    bool foundChange = false;
    int step = (startAngle < endAngle) ? STEP_ANGLE : -STEP_ANGLE;

    for (int angle = startAngle; angle != endAngle + step; angle += step) {
        moveToServo(angle);
        delay(15);
        int distance = lox.readRange();
        if (distance == 0) continue;

        int diff = abs(distance - benchmark[angle]);
        if (diff > CHANGE_THRESHOLD) {
            Serial.printf("Change at %d° → %d mm (was %d mm)\n", angle, distance,
benchmark[angle]);
            moveLedServo(angle);
            lightUp(true);
            foundChange = true;
        }
    }

    if (!foundChange) {
        lightUp(false);
    }
}

```

```
    return foundChange;
}

void moveToServo(int angle) {
    tofServo.write(angle);
}

void moveLedServo(int angle) {
    ledServo.write(160 - angle); // Inverted to match orientation
}

void lightUp(bool on) {
    if (on) {
        pixels.setPixelColor(0, pixels.Color(255, 255, 255)); // Pure white
    } else {
        pixels.setPixelColor(0, pixels.Color(0, 0, 0));
    }
    pixels.show();
}
```

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