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## **Arduino Code**

## For Carbon Dioxide detection in air

This code communicates with the MQ135 air quality sensor. The sensor is supposed to preheat for 24 hours before taking readings. Once the code runs, it prints out the concentration of detected gases in ppm on a serial monitor and the results are displayed on an LCD screen An alarm system (LED light) is also set to glow if the CO<sub>2<\sub> values cross a threshold value of 1000ppm.

```
#include [[amc2021:groupl:extras:mq-135:start|"MQ135.h"]]"MQ135.h"
#include <Wire.h>
#include <LiquidCrystal I2C.h> //Header file for LCD
LiquidCrystal I2C lcd(0x27,16,2);//set the LCD address to x27 for a 16 chars
and 2 line display
#define led
                                             //led on pin 9
const int gas pin = A0;
                                             //analog feed from MQ135
MQ135 gasSensor = MQ135(gas pin);
void setup(){
  lcd.init();
                                   // initialize the lcd
                                   // consider 16 chars + 2 lines lcd
  lcd.begin(16,2);
  lcd.backlight();
                                   // illuminate to produce visible reading
  lcd.clear();
                                   // clear lcd
  lcd.setCursor(4,0);
                                   //set cursor of lcd to 1st row and 5th
column
 lcd.print("Group L");
                                // print as a sentence on lcd
  pinMode(gas_pin,INPUT); //MQ135 analog feed set for input
  pinMode(led,OUTPUT);
                             //led set for output
                             //serial comms for debugging
  Serial.begin(9600);
}
void loop(){
 float ppm = gasSensor.getPPM();
 Serial.println(ppm);
                                // print ppm on serial monitor
 delay(1000);
   lcd.clear();
                                // clear lcd
   lcd.setCursor(0,0);
                               // set cursor of lcd to 1st row and 1st
column
   lcd.print("Air Quality: "); // print as a sentence on lcd
   lcd.print(ppm);
                               // print value of MQ135
                               //if co2 ppm > 1000
 if(ppm>999){
   digitalWrite(led,HIGH);
                               //turn on led
   lcd.setCursor(2,1);
                               // set cursor of lcd to 2nd row and 3rd
column
```

```
lcd.print("AQ Level BAD"); //print as a sentence on lcd
}
else{
    digitalWrite(led,LOW); //turn off led
    lcd.setCursor(1,1); // set cursor of lcd to 2nd row and 2nd
column
    lcd.print ("AQ Level Good"); // print as a sentence on lcd
}
```

## For noise disturbance detection in the environment

```
/* This code is meant to monitor the sound intensity using LM393 sensor
connected to Arduino UNO board.
//The used sensor has only a digital output. Therefore, the number of times
the sensor detects a sound is summed up over a sampling time called
"SAMPLE TIME".
//Then the sum called "sampleBufferValue" is printed on a Serial Monitor
(laptop), and visualized with the Serial Plotter.
// The code allows to communicate with a LED in order to provide a visual
alarm if the "sampleBufferValue" surpasses a preset Threshold "Threshold"
*/
// 0 means silence and 1 means noise
 const int OUT PIN = 12;
                                 // The OUTPUT of the sound sensor is
connected to the digital pin D12 of the Arduino
 const int SAMPLE TIME = 10;
                                // The sampling time in milliseconds,
be set differently if required
 const int Threshold = 90;
                                // Threshold on decibel value for LED
switching ON, the value has been optimized with respect to the used sampling
time (900 cumulative digital counts ≈ 90 dB from "Schall")
 unsigned long millisCurrent;
                                  // current time
 unsigned long millisLast = 0;
                                 //previous time
 unsigned long millisElapsed = 0; // difference between current time and
previous time (time interval)
 int sampleBufferValue = 0; // initiate the sum of digital outputs
over the sampling time
 int led = 8;
                                 // LED on pin 4 of Arduino
 int dB = 0;
                                 //initiate sound intensity dB value
void setup() {
  Serial.begin(9600);
                               //Arduino starts serial communication with
baud rate 9600
  pinMode(led,OUTPUT);
                                // the LED is connected as output for alarm
```

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```
purpose
}
void loop() {
  millisCurrent = millis();
                                               //the current time is
assigned to the dedicated variable
 millisElapsed = millisCurrent - millisLast; //the elapsed time is updated
  if(digitalRead(OUT PIN) == HIGH){
                                             //HIGH means noise
  sampleBufferValue++;
                                             //increments the sum variable
by 1
   if (millisElapsed > SAMPLE_TIME) {
                                           //if the elapsed time surpasses
the sampling time, print the sampleBufferValue and test threshold for alarm
   dB = 0.0666 *(sampleBufferValue) + 30.223; //linear regression to
calculate the decibel value based of the rough calibration of the sensor
response
  Serial.println(dB);
                                             // print decibel values on the
Serial Monitor
  Serial.print("dB");
                                            // print sound unit decibel
                                            // test if the threshold is
   if (sampleBufferValue > Threshold) {
surpassed
                                            //blink LED 2 ms ON and 1 ms OFF
    digitalWrite(led, HIGH);
    delay(2);
    digitalWrite(led, LOW);
    delay(1);
  }
  digitalWrite(led, LOW);
                                           // the LED is turned off to be
ready for the next sample
  sampleBufferValue = 0;
                                           // re-initialization of the
sampleBufferValue variable for the new sampling time
  millisLast = millisCurrent;
                                           // update the previous time to be
the start for the next sample
 }
}
```

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